

IMPORTANCE OF PRECEDENT UNITS IN UZBEK AND ENGLISH LANGUAGES

Zebo Mallayeva Soibnazarovna
Uzbekistan, Navoi Innovations University

Abstract: This article explores the significance of precedent units in the Uzbek and English languages, highlighting their role in preserving cultural heritage, facilitating intercultural communication, shaping identity formation, enhancing expressiveness and creativity, and contributing to language evolution. By examining the importance of these linguistic markers in both languages, the article underscores their impact on language use, communication, and cultural identity within specific cultural contexts. Through an in-depth analysis of precedent units, the article sheds light on the nuanced ways in which these linguistic phenomena reflect shared values, societal norms, and historical traditions in Uzbek and English-speaking communities.

Keywords: societal norms, shared values, historical traditions, linguocultural science, of linguoculturalism, cultural heritage, linguistic contexts.

ЗНАЧЕНИЕ ПРЕЦЕДЕНТНЫХ ЕДИНИЦ В УЗБЕКСКОМ И АНГЛИЙСКОМ ЯЗЫКАХ

Аннотация: В данной статье исследуется значение прецедентных единиц в узбекском и английском языках, подчеркивается их роль в сохранении культурного наследия, содействии межкультурному общению, формировании идентичности, повышении выразительности и творческих способностей, а также содействии эволюции языка. Исследуя важность этих языковых маркеров на обоих языках, статья подчеркивает их влияние на использование языка, общение и культурную идентичность в конкретных культурных контекстах. Путем углубленного анализа прецедентных единиц статья проливает свет на нюансы, с помощью которых эти языковые явления отражают общие ценности, социальные нормы и исторические традиции в узбекских и англоязычных сообществах.

Ключевые слова: социальные нормы, общие ценности, исторические традиции, лингвокультурология, лингвокультурализм, культурное наследие, языковые контексты.

Similar to every other discipline, linguistics is a field that is now seeing a variety of innovations and developments. Linguists and researchers use scientific research based on advances in various fields, including grammar, semantics, cognitology, psycholinguistics, and linguocultural science, in the process of text analysis. This aims to ascertain the role that linguoculturalism plays in the linguistic activity of the individual producing and interpreting speech; conversely, it delves deeply into the research and analysis of linguoculturalism and its associated terminology. The problems of linguistics and culture, which are strongly tied to language and

culture, remain unresolved despite the fact that linguistics is an area that is home to a large amount of scientific research.

Precedent units, or culturally significant phrases and expressions that carry specific meanings and connotations within a particular language and culture, serve as valuable linguistic markers that reflect the values, beliefs, and traditions of a society. These units play a crucial role in shaping language use, communication, and cultural identity, offering insights into the historical, social, and philosophical foundations of a community. In this article, we will explore the importance of precedent units in the Uzbek and English languages, highlighting their impact on linguistic expression, cultural heritage, and intercultural communication. By examining the role of precedent units in these two distinct linguistic contexts, we can gain a deeper understanding of how language serves as a vehicle for conveying shared cultural knowledge and fostering connections between individuals from diverse backgrounds.

In both Uzbek and English languages, precedent units serve as linguistic markers that reflect the values, beliefs, and traditions of a particular society. These units often draw on historical events, folklore, literature, and other cultural references to convey complex meanings and emotions in a concise manner. By using precedent units, speakers can evoke shared cultural knowledge and create a sense of connection and belonging within their community.

In Uzbek language, precedent units such as "O'g'ri kishini qo'rqitmasdan o'g'ri qilmas" (Don't provoke someone who is already angry) or "Suv berib qo'l sovuq qolmas" (Don't give water if your hand is cold) are commonly used to impart wisdom and guidance in everyday communication. These phrases reflect Uzbek cultural values of respect, patience, and empathy, and are often passed down through generations as part of oral tradition.

Similarly, in English language, precedent units like "A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush" or "Actions speak louder than words" convey universal truths and moral lessons that resonate across cultures. These expressions draw on English literary heritage, folklore, and proverbs to communicate complex ideas about human nature, relationships, and life experiences.

The importance of precedent units in language lies in their ability to capture the essence of a culture, providing insights into its history, values, and worldview. By understanding and using precedent units in communication, speakers can navigate social interactions more effectively, express themselves more eloquently, and forge connections with others based on shared cultural references.

Moreover, precedent units play a crucial role in intercultural communication by facilitating understanding and empathy between speakers of different languages. When individuals from diverse cultural backgrounds recognize and appreciate each other's precedent units, they can bridge linguistic and cultural gaps, fostering mutual respect and cooperation. Some researchers investigated the same topic thoroughly. For example, Kuldosheva Shohinabonu Otabekovna, Achilova Risolat Azamovna published an article on the article "Similarities and Differences of Precedent Nouns in English and Uzbek Languages". Languages are the

reflection of the culture, history, and traditions of a community. Each language has its unique features and rules, and exploring them helps to understand the community in a better way. One such feature of the languages is the use of precedent nouns. Precedent nouns are the nouns that have been used previously in a text, discourse, or conversation, and are referred to again. They are significant in understanding the structure and usage of a language. This article aims to study precedent nouns in English and Uzbek languages, their usage, and their significance. [1]

Moreover, “Linguocultural characteristics of precedent units in modern linguistics.” Was published by Bektoshev O. K., Makhmudova S., Makhmudova S.M.(2022). Each new member of the language tries to see the world not as a result of his own thinking, as a result of tests, but through the experiences instilled in the concepts of the language by his ancestors. Language is a phenomenon closely related to the world around us and the culture specific to each nation. The precedent units studied in this article occupy the main place in the field of linguoculturology. The study of precedent units also plays an important role in elucidating aspects specific to language and culture. In our article, the analysis of the scientific research conducted on this term and its place in the field of linguistics are highlighted. [2]

In conclusion, precedent units are essential components of language and culture in both Uzbek and English languages. By exploring the significance of these linguistic markers, we can gain a deeper appreciation for the richness and diversity of human communication, as well as the profound ways in which language shapes our understanding of the world around us. In conclusion, precedent units in both the Uzbek and English languages serve as powerful tools for preserving cultural heritage, transmitting shared values, and facilitating intercultural communication. These linguistic markers not only reflect the unique histories and traditions of a society but also provide insight into the ways in which language shapes our perceptions of the world. By recognizing the importance of precedent units in language use, we can appreciate the rich tapestry of meanings and connotations embedded within our words and expressions. Furthermore, by studying the role of precedent units in different linguistic contexts, we can deepen our understanding of the diverse ways in which language reflects and shapes cultural identity. Ultimately, the exploration of precedent units offers a valuable opportunity to bridge linguistic and cultural divides, fostering greater understanding and appreciation of the richness and diversity of human communication.

References:

1. Kuldosheva Sh. O., Achilova R.A.. Similarities and Differences of Precedent Nouns in English and Uzbek Languages. International Journal of Trend in Scientific Research and Development (IJTSRD). Special Issue on Modern Trends in Science, Technology and Economy www.ijtsrd.com e-ISSN: 2456 – 6470

2. **Bektoshev O. K., Makhmudova S., Makhmudova S.M.** Linguocultural characteristics of precedent units in modern linguistics. Galaxy international interdisciplinary research journal (GIIRJ) ISSN (E):2347-6915. Vol.10, Issue 12, Dec (2022)

BOLALAR HAYOTIDA XALQ OG‘ZAKI IJODI VA BOLALAR ADABIYOTINING O‘RNI

**O‘zbekiston. NIU Filologiya va tillarni o‘qitish (o‘zbek tili)
yo‘nalishi talabasi Usmonova Shahlo Anvar qizi
O‘zbekiston. NIU Ijtimoiy-gumanitar fanlar kafedrası
dotsenti, PhD. Kobulova Nodira Bahodirovna**

Annotatsiya: Ushbu maqolada bolalar adabiyoti orqali xalq og‘zaki ijodi bolalardan ona-Vatanga sadoqat, mehnatga ishtiyoq, qahramonlik, do‘stlik, baynalmilallik kabi olijanob insoniy fazilatlarni tarbiyalashdagi o‘rni haqida mulohaza yuritilgan.

Kalit so‘zlar: Bolalar adabiyoti, xalq og‘zaki ijodi, ma’rifiy-estetik g‘oya, ertak, qo‘shiq, topishmoq, maqol, poetik ijod, baynalmilallik, vatanparvar, insonparvar, mehnatsevar, sadoqatli.

РОЛЬ НАРОДНОГО УСТНОГО ТВОРЧЕСТВА И ДЕТСКОЙ ЛИТЕРАТУРЫ В ЖИЗНИ ДЕТЕЙ

Аннотация: В данной статье через детскую литературу рассматривается роль фольклора в воспитании у детей таких благородных человеческих качеств, как верность Родине, трудолюбие, героизм, дружба, интернационализм.

Ключевые слова: Детская литература, фольклор, воспитательно-эстетическая идея, сказка, песня, загадка, пословица, поэтическое творчество, интернационализм, патриотический, гуманитарный, трудолюбивый, верный.

THE ROLE OF FOLK ORAL CREATION AND CHILDREN'S LITERATURE IN THE LIFE OF CHILDREN

Abstract: In this article, the role of folklore in children's upbringing of noble human qualities such as loyalty to the Motherland, passion for work, heroism, friendship, and internationalism is discussed through children's literature.

Key words: Children's literature, folklore, educational-aesthetic idea, fairy tale, song, riddle, proverb, poetic creation, internationalism, patriotic, humanitarian, hardworking, loyal.

Ijtimoiy ong shakllari, mafkuraviy ishning barcha sohalari kabi, bolalar adabiyoti ham voqelik bilan, hayotdagi turli ijtimoiy hodisalar hamda insoniyat turmushi bilan uzviy bog‘liq bo‘lib, ularni o‘ziga xos vositalarda badiiy aks ettiradi. Bolalar adabiyotida aks ettiriladigan voqelik hayotiy, haqqoniy