



Journal of Academic Research and Trends in Educational Sciences

Journal home page:
<http://ijournal.uz/index.php/jartes>



THE ROLE OF THE PRIVATE SECTOR IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF TOURISM

Xaydarov Baxrom¹

Nizametdinov Alijon²

Zoirov Aziz³

Jizzakh branch of the National University of Uzbekistan

KEYWORDS

private sector, tourism, tourism industry, infrastructure, tourism potential, advertising companies

ABSTRACT

The studies of the role of the private sector in the development of tourism, measures to expand the scope of tourism services and develop its infrastructure to further expand the participation of the private sector in the rapid development of the tourism industry, to provide them with benefits, to train personnel in the field and improve their qualifications, to increase the type of new tourist products.

2181-2675/© 2022 in XALQARO TADQIQOT LLC.

DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.7429630

This is an open access article under the Attribution 4.0 International(CC BY 4.0) license (<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/deed.ru>)

¹ Assistant, Jizzakh branch of the National University of Uzbekistan, UZB

² Assistant, Jizzakh branch of the National University of Uzbekistan, UZB

³ Student, Jizzakh branch of the National University of Uzbekistan, UZB

TURIZMNI RIVOJLANTIRISHDA XUSUSIY SEKTORNI ROLI

KALIT SO'ZLAR:

xususiy sektor, turizm,
turizm industriyasi,
infratuzilma, turizm
salohiyati, reklama
kompaniyalari

ANNOTATSIYA

Turizmni rivojlantirishda xususiy sektorning o'rnnini o'rganish, turizm xizmatlari ko'lmini kengaytirish va infratuzilmasini rivojlantirish chora-tadbirlari. Turizm industriyasini jadal rivojlantirishda xususiy sektor ishtirokini yanada kengaytirish, ularga imtiyozlar taqdim etish, sohada kadrlar tayyorlash va ularning malakasini oshirish, yangi sayyohlik mahsulotlari turini ko'paytirish.

Ma'lumki, O'zbekistonda 1994 yilga kelib xususiylashtirish jarayoni boshlandi. Bu jarayon ancha kech boshlanganligi tufayli, hozirgi kunda O'zbekistonda boshqa mamlakatlarga qaraganda turizmni rivojlantirishda xususiy sektorning o'rni sezilarli darajada emas. SHuning uchun ham O'zbekiston hukumati yangi tashkil etilgan madaniyat, turizm va sport departamenti orqali turizm sanoatining har bir darajasidagi xususiy sektor korxonalarining rivojlanishini har jihatdan qo'llab-quvvatlashni o'z oldiga maqsad qilib qo'ygan. Jahon tajribasida kichik va o'rta korxonalarini rag'barlantirish va qo'llab-quvvatlash usullarining keng doirasi ishlab chiqilgan bo'lib, bunday yondashuvlarni O'zbekistonda ham faol ravishda qo'llash maqsadga muvofiqdir. Harakatlar dasturi bu usullarni to'liq ifodalab bera oladi, biroq turizm infratuzilmasini jahon andozalariga mos ravishda qayta isloh etish uchun naqd kafolat, subsidiyalangan qarz va soliq imtiyozlari ko'rinishdagi hukumat tomonidan qo'llab-quvvatlanish talab qilinadi. Ma'lum vaqt o'tgandan keyin O'zbekistonda turizmni rivojlanishi va xususiy sektorning kengayishi natijasida xususiy sektor milliy turistik tashkilotlar tomonidan ko'ratalayotgan xizmatlarda o'z ulushiga ega bo'lishi mumkin. Ko'plab yevropa mamlakatlarida xususiy sektor milliy turistik tashkilotlarning operatsion byudjetga tushadigan naqd pul tushumlarini 20 foizdan 40 foizgacha bo'lgan miqdorini beradi. Xususiy sektor reklama kampaniyalari, seminarlar va ko'rgazmalarda ishtirok etish uchun, reklama va marketing ma'lumotlariga kiritilishi uchun, reklama broshyuralari uchun va boshqa shu kabilar uchun pul mablag'lari to'laydi. Masalan, Finlyandiya va Irlandiya kabi uncha katta bo'lмаган mamlakatlarda marketing byudjetidagi xususiy sektorning yillik ulushi 5 mln dollardan 10 mln dollargachani tashkil etadi. Ma'lum vaqt o'tgandan so'ng O'zbekistonda ham rivojlangan xususiy turistik sektordan ma'lum tushumlarning kelishini ko'tish mumkin. O'zbekiston turizmida xususiy mulkchilikni rivojlantirish orqali raqobat kurashini qaror toptirish mamlakatda mavjud imkoniyatlardan to'laroq foydalanishni talab etadi. Ma'lumki, hozirgi kunda Respublikamizda talaygina xususiy turistik tashkilotlar faoliyat ko'rsatayapti. Ular faoliyatida marketingni rivojlantirish muhim ahamiyat kasb etadi.

Turizm, bugungi kunning eng muhim iqtisodiy sohalaridan biri sanaladi. Shu boisdan, dunyoning ko'plab davlatlari tomonidan ushbu sohani yanada rivojlantirish, bu borada

tegishli infrastrukturani jahon standartlari darajasida yaratish va sayyoohlar oqimini oshirish bo'yicha qator chora-tadbirlar amalga oshirilib kelinmoqda.

Xususan, BMT huzuridagi Jahon turizm tashkiloti ma'lumotlariga ko'ra, 2018 yilda sayohat qiluvchi turistlar soni 1,4 milliardni tashkil etib, bu ko'rsatkich 2017 yilga nisbatan 6 foizga ko'paygan. 2019 yilda esa, sayyoohlar soni 1,5 milliardga yetgan. 2019 yilda jahon yalpi ichki mahsulotida turizm va sayyoohlilikning umumiy hissasi esa, qariyb 9170 mlrd. dollarni tashkil qilgan. Yuqoridagi raqamlar odamlarning yildan-yilga sayyoohatga bo'lgan qiziqishi, talablarining ortib borayotganiga yaqqol misoldir. Umuman, turizm iqtisodiy foyda keltirishdan tashqari, aholining dunyoqarashini kengaytirish, iqtisodiyotni barqaror rivojlantirish, dunyoning turli davlatlari va mintaqalari vakillari o'rtasida yaqin aloqalarni rivojlantirishda ham muhim rol o'ynaydi.

Ta'kidlash joizki, O'zbekiston ham ulkan turizm salohiyatiga ega. 2016 yilda O'zbekistonda turizm sohasini tubdan isloh qilish orqali sayyoohlilik infratuzilmasi rivojlantirildi. Xalqaro sayyoohlar soni 2016 yildagi 2 milliondan 2019 yilda 6,7 milliongacha ko'paydi. BMT huzuridagi Jahon turizm tashkiloti ma'lumotlariga ko'ra, O'zbekiston 2019 yilda eng yaxshi rivojlanayotgan sayyoohlilik yo'nalishiga ega mamlakatlar beshligidan joy oldi.

2016–2021 yillarda mahalliy sayyoohlarning soni 24 millionga yetgan bo'lsa, xorijliklarning soni qariyb 20 million kishini tashkil etdi. Koronavirus pandemiyasi sabab, 2020 yilda O'zbekistonga 1,5 million, 2021 yilda esa, 1,7 million chet ellik sayyoohlar tashrif buyurgan.

Turizmnii rivojlantirishning jahon amaliyoti shuni ko'rsatadiki, mazkur industriyani yuqori daromadli sohaga aylantirish uchun davlat va xususiy sektordagi barcha ishtirokchilarning sa'y-harakatlarini birlashtirish va mustahkamlash zarur. Bunda, hukumatning roli – xalqaro, hukumat va xususiy sektor darajalarida turizm sohasidagi rivojlanish siyosatini muvofiqlashtirish va rejalshtirishni ta'minlashdan iborat.

Shu nuqtai nazardan, 2022 yilning 26 aprel kuni Prezident Shavkat Mirziyoyev raisligida turizm xizmatlari ko'lамини kengaytirish va infratuzilmasini rivojlantirish chora-tadbirlari bo'yicha videoselektor yig'ilishi o'tkazildi. Unda turizm industriyasini rivojlantirish, sohadagi, xizmatlar ko'lамини kengaytirish, yangi ish o'rinalarini yaratish, aholining daromadlari, yashash darajasi va sifatini oshirish hamda mamlakatning investitsiyaviy jozibadorligi va nufuzini yaxshilashga qaratilgan masalalarga alohida urg'u berildi.

Yig'ilishda jahonda koronavirus pandemiyasi paytida o'rnatilgan cheklovlar astasekin yumshayotgani, shu bois turizm industriyasi tiklanayotgani, xususan, 2022 yilning birinchi choragida O'zbekistonga 610 ming nafar sayyooh tashrif buyurgani, bu esa, o'tgan yilning shu davriga nisbatan ikki baravar ko'pligi qayd etildi.

Mamlakatning har bir hududida turizmni rivojlantirish bo'yicha yirik loyihibar amalga oshirib kelinmoqda. Bunga, Namangandagi «Afsonalar vodiysi», Bo'stonliqdagi

«Amirsoy» majmualari yaqqol misol bo'la oladi. Mazkur majmualarga kuniga minglab xorijiy va mahalliy sayyoohlarning tashrif buyurishi tafsinga sazovor, albatta.

Prezident yig'ilish davomida «O'zbekiston turizm magistrali» bo'ylab, 31 ta tuman va shahar hududidan o'tuvchi yo'llar bo'yida avtoturargoh, kemping, avtoservis, ovqatlanish, yoqilg'i quyish kabi xizmatlarni qamrab olgan «Karvonsaroy»lar barpo etish taklifini ham berdi. Albatta, bu takliflarning amalga oshirilishi, yangi ish o'rinalining yaratilishi, aholi bandligining ta'minlanishi hamda turmush farovonligining oshishiga, shuningdek mamlakat iqtisodiyotida turizm industriyasi ulushining sezilarli ravishda ortishiga, sayyoohlarni oqimining ko'payishiga xizmat qiladi.

Ta'kidlash joizki, ichki turizmning jadal rivojlanishida xususiy sektorning ham o'z o'rni bor. Hozirda ko'plab tadbirkor va hunarmandlar turizm sohasiga jalb qilingan bo'lib, ular suvenir mahsulotlarini ishlab chiqarish, mehmonxona xo'jaligi, sayyohlarga xizmat ko'rsatish bilan shug'ullanib kelmoqda. Bu borada tadbirkorlarga davlat tomonidan ssudalar, subsidiyalar, kreditlar va boshqa turli imtiyozlarning taqdim etilayotgani e'tiborga loyiq.

Yig'ilishda Prezident tomonidan ichki turizmni rivojlantirish hamda tadbirkorlarga yanada qulay shart-sharoitlar yaratish maqsadida qator imkoniyatlarning belgilab berilgani, so'zimizga yaqqol dalil bo'la oladi.

Jumladan, 1 iyuldan boshlab, turizm qishloqlarida mehmon uylari, ovqatlanish va savdo shoxobchalari, ko'ngilochar joylar tashkil etgan tadbirkorlar uch yil davomida aylanmadan olinadigan soliq va ijtimoiy soliqni 1 foiz stavkada, mol-mulk, yer, suv soliqlarini hisoblangan summadan bor-yo'g'i 1 foizini to'laydi. Oilaviy tadbirkorlik dasturlari doirasida, bunday qishloqlarda mehmon uylari tashkil etishga 50 million so'mgacha, o'tov va eko-uylar majmuasiga 300 million so'mgacha, chodirli lagerlar qurishga 300 million so'mgacha kreditlar beriladi. Har yili turizm qishloqlarining 200 nafar yoshlari budget hisobidan Turizm texnikumlarida bepul o'qitaladi.

Foydalanilgan adabiyotlar:

1. Xaydarov B., Saitov S. Raqamli iqtisodiyot tushunchasi va afzalliklari //Zamonaviy innovatsion tadqiqotlarning dolzarb muammolari va rivojlanish tendensiyalari: yechimlar va istiqbollar. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 1. – С. 634-635.
2. Xaydarov B. X., Saitov S. A. RAQAMLI IQTISODIYOT TUSHUNCHASI, AFZALLIKLARI AMALIY AHAMIYATI VA XORIJY TAJRIBA //Academic research in educational sciences. – 2022. – T. 3. – №. 5. – С. 151-156.
3. Хайдаров Б. ИҚТИСОДИЙ ИСЛОҲОТЛАРНИ РИВОЖЛАНТИРИШДА КАМБАҒАЛЛИКНИ ҚИСҚАРТИРИШ //Экономика и образование. – 2021. – №. 4. – С. 288-292.
4. Бахром Х. Х. БИЗНЕСНИ РЕЖАЛАШТИРИШ ТАРТИБЛАРИ //PEDAGOGS jurnali. – 2022. – Т. 12. – №. 2. – С. 139-142.

5. Nodira T., Xaydarov B., Zafar Q. THE ROLE AND SIGNIFICANCE OF COMPETITION AND MONOPOLY IN THE ECONOMY //Journal of Academic Research and Trends in Educational Sciences. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 11. – C. 241-245.
6. Xaydarov B. IMPACT OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY PROTECTION ON THE DIGITAL ECONOMY //Journal of Academic Research and Trends in Educational Sciences. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 11. – C. 163-174.
7. Ҳосилмуродов И., Султоналиева Г. Тафаккур услубининг фалсафий-методологик таҳдили //Zamonaviy innovatsion tadqiqotlarning dolzarb muammolari va rivojlanish tendensiyalari: yechimlar va istiqbollar. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 1. – C. 549-551.
8. Xaydarov Baxrom Xolmuradovich, Xudayarov Rashid Tuychiyevich. (2022). RAQAMLI IQTISODIYOT BIZNESNI REJALASHTIRISH. International Journal of Contemporary Scientific and Technical Research, 1(2), 110–113. Retrieved from <http://journal.jbnuu.uz/index.php/ijcstr/article/view/130>
9. Xaydarov Baxrom Xolmuradovich, & Saitov Sirojiddin Abduvalievich. (2022). RAQAMLI IQTISODIYOTDA KICHIK BIZNESNNING O'RNI. International Journal of Contemporary Scientific and Technical Research, 1(2), 113–116. Retrieved from <http://journal.jbnuu.uz/index.php/ijcstr/article/view/131>
10. Xaydarov Baxrom Xolmuradovich. (2022). RAQAMLI IQTISODIYOTDA BUXGALTERIYA VA AUDITNI O'RNI. International Journal of Contemporary Scientific and Technical Research, 1(2), 128–131. Retrieved from <http://journal.jbnuu.uz/index.php/ijcstr/article/view/135>
11. Nasirov B. U., Boltaeva M. J. Genesis And Transformation Of The Public Catering System In Uzbekistan During The Soviet Period //Turkish Online Journal of Qualitative Inquiry (TOJQI) Volume. – T. 12. – C. 5834-5841.
12. Nizametdinov, A. A. (2022). OLIY TA'LIM TIZIMINING AGRAR SOHASIDA INNOVATSION TEXNOLOGIYALAR QO'LLASH USTUVORLIGI. INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES, 1(6), 58–60. Retrieved from <https://researchedu.org/index.php/cf/article/view/96>
13. Uchkun S., Dilshod N. PROCESS OF IDENTIFYING THE SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS IN THE REVENUE CYCLE //Journal of marketing, business and management. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 1. – C. 32-36.
14. Nodira T., Rashid X. PROBLEMS OF INNOVATION MANAGEMENT IN THE HIGHER EDUCATION SYSTEM //Web of Scientist: International Scientific Research Journal. – 2022. – T. 3. – №. 11. – C. 155-164.
15. Akramovich N. A. THE PRIORITY OF USING INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGIES IN THE AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION SYSTEM //Journal of Academic Research and Trends in Educational Sciences. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 10. – C. 185-191.
16. Abdusattarov M. B. CALCULATING ECONOMIC EFFICIENCY IN THE DIGITAL ECONOMY IN UZBEKISTAN //Web of Scientist: International Scientific Research Journal. – 2022. – T. 3. – №. 10. – C. 1189-1194.

17. Khakimov O. SOCIAL GOALS OF STUDENTS IN HIGHER EDUCATION //International Bulletin of Applied Science and Technology. – 2022. – T. 2. – №. 11. – C. 55-59.
18. Nosirovich A. N. The Methodology of Preparation of Students of Vocational Schools and Colleges for Technical Creative Activity //PSYCHOLOGY AND EDUCATION. – 2021. – T. 58. – №. 2. – C. 1470-1485.
19. Alimov N., Gulrukh F. Dependence of psychological maturity on the strength of family relationships //Eurasian Journal of Humanities and Social Sciences. – 2022. – T. 6. – C. 38-41.
20. Nizametdinov A. et al. THE IMPORTANCE OF THE DIGITAL ECONOMY TODAY //Journal of Academic Research and Trends in Educational Sciences. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 11. – C. 251-254.
21. Akramovich N. A. et al. RAQAMLI IQTISODIYOTNI O'ZBEKISTONDAGI O'RNI //Conferencea. – 2022. – C. 67-69.
22. Nizametdinov Ali Akramovich. (2022). SUN'IY INTELEKTNI KADRLAR SIYOSATINI RIVOJLANTIRISHDAGI AHAMIYATI. International Journal of Contemporary Scientific and Technical Research, 1(2), 251-253. Retrieved from <http://journal.jbnuu.uz/index.php/ijcstr/article/view/171>
23. Nizametdinov A., Ahmedova H. Elektron ta 'lim metodologiyasi rivojlantirishning usullari //Zamonaviy innovatsion tadqiqotlarning dolzarb muammolari va rivojlanish tendensiyalari: yechimlar va istiqbollar. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 1. – C. 29-31.
24. Nizametdinov, A. A. (2022). OLIY TA'LIM TIZIMIDA AGRAR SOHANING USTUVORLIGI UNDA INNOVATSIYALARNING QULLANISHI. INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES, 1(6), 96–98. Retrieved from <https://researchedu.org/index.php/cf/article/view/104>
25. Sirojiddin S., Azizbek A. TRANSITION TO THE MARKET ECONOMY AND ITS CHARACTERISTICS IN UZBEKISTAN //Journal of Academic Research and Trends in Educational Sciences. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 11. – C. 255-258.
26. Nodira T., Sirojiddin S., Azizbek Z. SOCIO-ECONOMIC SYSTEMS //Journal of Academic Research and Trends in Educational Sciences. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 11. – C. 260-264.
27. Sirojiddin S., Nodira T., Dinora S. CHARACTERISTICS OF PRICE AND FORMATION //Journal of Academic Research and Trends in Educational Sciences. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 11. – C. 265-270.
28. To'ychiyeva N. Elektron Ta 'lim Tizimining Afzalliklari Va Kamchiliklari //Zamonaviy innovatsion tadqiqotlarning dolzarb muammolari va rivojlanish tendensiyalari: yechimlar va istiqbollar. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 1. – C. 40-41.
29. Норбеков Х., Туйчиева Н. Формирование конкурентных преимуществ компаний //Zamonaviy innovatsion tadqiqotlarning dolzarb muammolari va rivojlanish tendensiyalari: yechimlar va istiqbollar. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 1. – C. 589-592.

30. Nodira T., Maxfirat T. FORMATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF PRONUNCIATION IN FOREIGN LANGUAGE TEACHING IN SCHOOL STUDENTS //INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES ON LEARNING AND TEACHING. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 1.
31. Nodira T., Maxfirat T. MODERN METHODS OF TEACHING FOREIGN LANGUAGE PRONUNCIATION TO PRIMARY SCHOOL PUPILS IS BASED ON THE JAPANESE EXPERIENCE //TA'LIM VA RIVOJLANISH TAHLILI ONLAYN ILMIY JURNALI. – 2022. – C. 205-208.
32. Nodira T. PRIORITIES FOR ORGANIZING ENTREPRENEURIAL ACTIVITIES IN THE AGRICULTURAL SECTOR //Journal of Academic Research and Trends in Educational Sciences. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 10. – C. 192-199.
33. Muxtarov, B., & Murotjonova, M. (2022). O'zbekiston respublikasida kichik biznes va xususiy tadbirkorlik sub'ektlarining rivojlanishi. Zamonaviy Innovatsion Tadqiqotlarning Dolzarb Muammolari Va Rivojlanish Tendensiyalari: Yechimlar Va Istiqbollar, 1(1), 581–584. Retrieved from <https://inlibrary.uz/index.php/zitdmrt/article/view/5340>
34. Uchkun S., Dilshod N. PROCESS OF IDENTIFYING THE SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS IN THE REVENUE CYCLE //Journal of marketing, business and management. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 1. – C. 32-36.
35. G'aybullayev S. THE PLACE OF THE DIGITAL ECONOMY TODAY //Journal of Academic Research and Trends in Educational Sciences. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 11. – C. 116-126.
36. Yusufjon A. DEVELOP CREATIVE THINKING IN STUDENTS BASED ON A COMPETENCY-BASED APPROACH //CURRENT RESEARCH JOURNAL OF PEDAGOGICS. – 2022. – T. 3. – №. 03. – C. 5-8.
37. Azimov Y. H. et al. Olympism and olympic education at the present stage //Фундаментальные и прикладные исследования в современном мире. – 2016. – №. 13-4. – C. 119-121.
38. Xudoyorov R. COMPILATION OF FINANCIAL REPORTS BASED ON INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS //Journal of Academic Research and Trends in Educational Sciences. – 2022. – T. 1. – №. 11. – C. 175-186.